BLOCK LAYING, BRICK LAYING AND CONCRETE WORKS

EXAMINATION SCHEME

There will be three papers, Papers 1, 2 and 3 all of which must be taken. Papers 1 and 2 shall be a composite paper to be taken at one sitting in 1 hour 45 minutes for 100 marks.

- Paper 1: will consist of forty multiple-choice objective questions all of which are to be answered in 45 minutes for 40 marks.
- Paper 2: will consist of five short-structured questions. Candidates will be required to

answer any four in 1 hour for 60 marks.

Paper 3 will be a practical test of 3 hours duration for 100 marks. It will be a work piece involving laying of a total number of blocks not exceeding 30 and where the work piece is made of bricks only, the total number of bricks shall not exceed 100.

Where the work piece to be laid is a combination of bricks and blocks, this will not contain more than 20 blocks and 40 bricks. (i.e. in composite walling).

A list of materials for the test shall be made available to schools not less than two weeks before the paper is taken for material procurement and relevant preparations.

Alternative to Practical Test

Alternatively, in the event that materials for the actual practical test cannot be acquired, the Council may consider testing theoretically, candidates' level of acquisition of the practical skills prescribed in the syllabus. For this alternative test, there will be two compulsory questions to be answered in 3 hours for 100 marks.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

S/NO.	CONTENT	NOTES	
1.	Workshop and site safety	 (i) Various safety rules at work site. (ii) First aids. (iii) Purpose of safety. (iv) Safety regulations (scaffolding, electrical, installations, etc) (v) Protective wears. 	
2	Basic tools and equipment	(i) Identification of basic hand tools for	

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			blocklaying, bricklaying and concreting including site preparation and levelling tools,	
			finishing tools.	
		(ii)	Sketching of basic hand tools.	
		(iii)	Uses of basic hand tools and equipment.	
		(iv)	Simple maintenance of basic tools and	
			equipment.	
3	Site preparations and setting -	(i)	Tools and equipment used for site	
	out		preparation.	
		(ii)	Clearing of building site.	
		(iii)	Methods of setting out.	
		(iv)	Setting out tools and materials.	
4.	Manufacture, application and	(i)	Manufacturing processes of blocks and	
	properties of blocks and bricks.		bricks.	
		(ii)	Types of bricks and blocks	
		(iii)	Materials used for blocks and bricks (sand,	
			lime, cement, clay, laterite and water).	
5.	Concreting materials	(i)	Various constituents of concrete	
		(ii)	Cement – Types of cement	
		(iii)	Definition of Fine and coarse aggregates	
			and their differences.	
		(iv)	Storage of concrete materials.	
6	Formwork for construction	(i)	Functions and functional requirements of	
	work.		formwork.	
		(ii)	Materials used for formwork.	
		(iii)	Advantages of steel and timber formworks.	
		(iv)	Construction of formworks for concrete floor	
			slabs, beams, columns, arches lintels and	
			staircase.	
		(v)	Erection and striking of formworks.	
S/NO.	CONTENT		NOTES	
7	Concreting operations	(i)	Mix proportions. (Cement - aggregate ratio;	
		()	water-cement ratio).	
		(ii)	Stages in concreting (Batching, mixing,	
			transporting, placing, curing).	
		(iii)	Methods of transporting wet concrete.	
		(iv)	Testing of concrete.	
		(v)	Properties of concrete.	
		(vi)	Methods of making construction joints in	
			concrete elements. (Beams, columns,	
			concrete roofs and slab).	

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8	Basic principles of substructure construction work including ground floors	(vii) (viii) (ix) (x) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii)	Need for concrete reinforcement. Methods of reinforcing concrete elements Types of steel reinforcement bars. Casting and curing of concrete structures (in-situ and precast concrete). Types of soil. Definitions of site and soil investigation. Definitions of bearing capacity of soil. Definition of foundation, types and uses. Definitions of ground floors, types, uses and construction. Materials for d.p.c. and d.p.m. Differences between d.p.c. and d.p.m. Methods of placing and positioning d.p.c. in
		(۷111)	walls.
9	Upper floors	(i) (ii) (iii)	Functions and types of floors. Methods of floor construction. Types of flooring and their applications.
10	Walls	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi)	Functions and types of walls. Walling materials. Common bonds in brick/block walls. Mortar (types, mixing methods and ratios). Differences between pointing and jointing. Types of pointing and jointing.
S/NO.	CONTENT		NOTES
11	Openings in walls.	(i) (ii) (iii)	Functions and types of openings. Materials used for lintels, beams, and arches Windows and doors - functions and types of windows and doors materials for windows and doors methods of fixing. Ironmongery for doors and windows.
12	Stairs construction	(i) (ii)	Types of stair. Construction of a straight flight stair.

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13	Scaffold and scaffolding	(i)	Types of scaffolds.
		(ii)	Scaffold components.
		(iii)	Hoisting equipment.
		(iv)	Safety regulation.
14	Finishes	(i)	Types of finishes.
		(ii)	Types of finishing materials.
		(iii)	Characteristics of finishing materials.
		(iv)	Uses of finishing materials
		(v)	Care and maintenance of finishes.
15	Construction of drainage	(i)	Principles of good drainage system.
	system.	(ii)	Types of a drainage system.
		(iii)	Differences between a sewer and a drain.
		(iv)	Simple sketches of septic-tank; soakaway
			pit, inspection chamber, manhole and
			cesspool.
		(v)	Surface drainage.
		(vi)	Method of laying drain pipes to a specified
			gradient.
16	Kerbs	(i)	Functions and types of kerbs.
		(ii)	Materials used in production of kerbs.
		(iii)	Methods of laying precast concrete kerbs.
17	Business opportunities in	(i)	Opportunities in building industry.
	Building	(ii)	Procedures for establishing businesses in
			the industry.
		(iii)	Requirements for managing construction
			business
		(iv)	Estimating the cost of construction jobs.
		(v)	Principles and techniques of Book-keeping.

LIST OF TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

TOO	LS	EQU	IPMENT
1.	Internal angle trowel	1.	A complete set of scaffolding, fittings and scaffolding pipes
2.	External angle trowels	2.	Block moulding machines
3.	Pointing trowel	3.	Buckets
4.	Hand trowel	4.	Concrete mixer
5.	Block axe	5.	Concrete vibrator (Poker and clamp-on)

- 6. Boat level
- 7. Bolster
- 8. Club hammer
- 9. Builders square
- 10. Brick hammer
- 11. Cold chisel
- 12. Corner blocks
- 13. Folding rule
- 14. Gauge rod or rule
- 15. Hawk
- 16. Joint duster
- 17. Jointers
- 18. Jointing board/caulking board
- 19. Line and pin
- 20. Mason's hand saw
- 21. Metal float
- 22. Plastering trowel
- 23. Plumb rule and bob
- 24. Builder's line
- 25. Spade
- 26. Shovel
- 27. Claw hammer
- 28. Gauge lath
- 29. Pointing tools
- 30. Pointing trowel
- 31. Range.
- 32. Spirit level.
- 33. Steel square
- 34. Straight edge
- 35. Skutch
- 36. Square and bevel
- 37. Tingle plate
- 38. Wire brush
- 39. Wooden float.

- 6. Gauge box
- 7. Manual hand mould
- 8. Hand rammer
- 9. Hand sieves (various sizes)
- 10. Headpan
- 11. Levelling instrument
- 12. Measuring tape
- 13. Pick axe
- 14. Slump test apparatus.
- 15. Tyrolean machine
- 16. Water hoses and roses
- 17. Wheelbarrow.
- 18. Terrazzo grinding machine

SUGGESTED READING LIST

S/NO.	TITLE OF BOOK	AUTHOR	PUBLISHER
1	Barry's introduction to construction of	Stephen Emmett and	Blackwell
	Buildings	Christopher A Gorse	Publishing.
2	Building Technology	Ivor H. Seeley	Palgrave

3	Building Construction, Volumes 1 – 4	Mckay	Longman
4	Principles of construction	Roger Greeno.	
5	Advanced Building Construction Volumes 1 & 2	C. M. H. Baritt.	Longman
6	Construction Technology Volumes 1 – 4	R. Chudley.	Longman
7	Building Construction for Senior Secondary Schools. Volumes 1 – 3	L. A. Adesokan and M. O. Adeniyi.	Ilesanmi
8	Blocklaying and concreting Industrial Crafts Series	M. O. Obande	Longman
9	Brickwork Volume 1 – 3	W. G. Nash	